

Notting Hill Carnival is an event which/that is worth going to.


The carnival is a great festival for people who/that love Caribbean music.


There are visitors who/that come to London just for the carnival.

There are some performances which/that are interesting for children, too.

Calypso is one of the music styles which/that come from the Caribbean.

DJ Norman is one of the people who/that give performances every year.

 Lösungsbeispiel

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### M4 Grammar: A busy morning

On the first morning of the carnival the Patels were very busy in their shop. What was everyone doing? Fill in the right verb forms.

sort • fill • write • eat • carry

- Mr Patel was filling the fridge in the shop with soft drinks.
- Mrs Patel was sorting fresh fruit into different baskets.
- Rajiv was carrying food to his stall in front of the shop.
- Sheree was writing a sign for Rajiv's stall.
- Ruby was eating a banana.

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### M5 Grammar: Dangerous situations at the carnival

Complete the sentences with the verb forms.

were watching • was enjoying •  
were waiting • was laughing

grabbed • ran • took • noticed • tried

- Justine was laughing about some funny dancers when a boy took away her mobile.
- Someone tried to steal Mr Jameson's sunglasses while he was enjoying some spicy Caribbean chicken at a food stall.
- Two pickpockets were watching some tourists when they noticed a policeman and ran away.
- A man grabbed Mrs Parker's bag while she and her husband were waiting for the bus.

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**M4 Grammar: Faster, slower, ...**

Compare the people and things.

fast: sports cars – family cars  
 expensive: bikes – skateboards  
 lazy: couch potatoes – athletes

dangerous: paragliding – playing football  
 slow: skaters – cyclists  
 cheap: playing basketball – playing golf

Sports cars are faster than family cars.

Bikes are more expensive than skateboards.

Couch potatoes are lazier than athletes.

Paragliding is more dangerous than playing football.

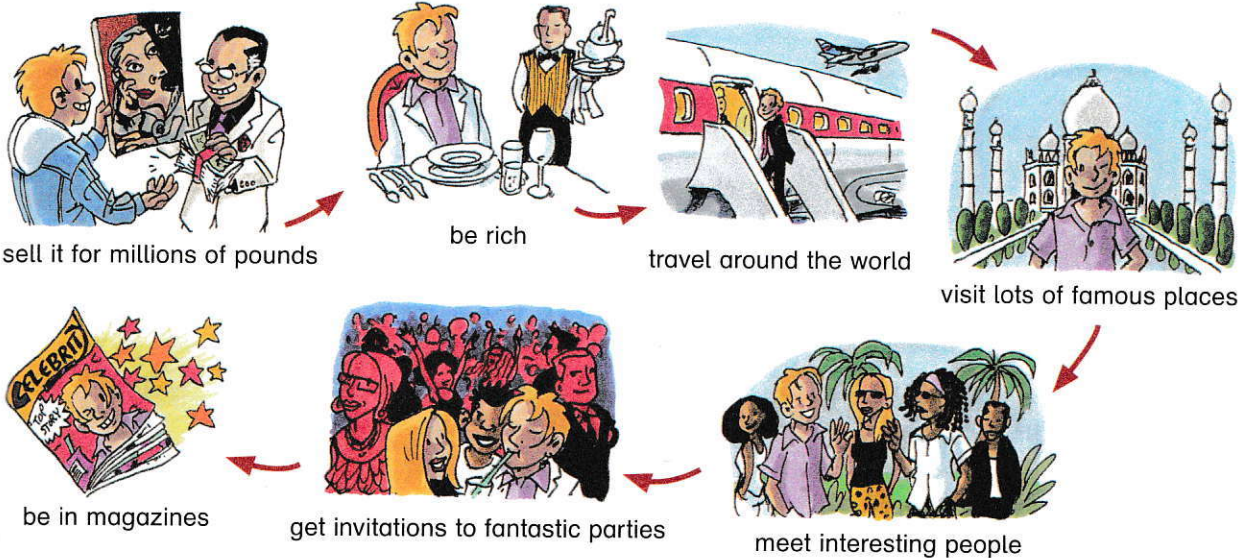
Skaters are slower than cyclists.

Playing basketball is cheaper than playing golf.

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BR

**M5 Grammar: If you have got a Picasso ...**

Look at the pictures and write sentences with 'if'.



If you have got a Picasso, you can sell it for millions of pounds.

If you sell it for millions of pounds, you will be rich.

If you are rich, you will/can travel around the world.

If you travel around the world, you will/can visit lots of famous places.

If you visit lots of famous places, you will meet interesting people.

If you meet interesting people, you will get invitations to fantastic parties.

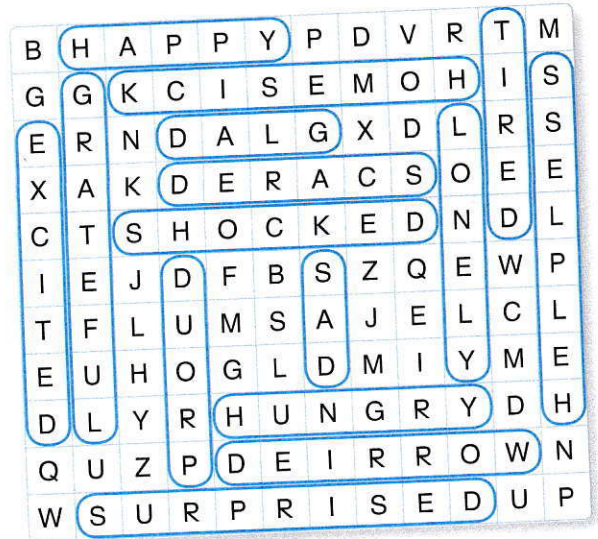
If you get invitations to fantastic parties, you will be in magazines.

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**A3 Words for feelings**

- a) Find 15 adjectives for feelings in the wordsearch.
- b) Write down the adjectives in alphabetical order.



wordbank feelings TB p. 159

excited, glad, grateful, happy, helpless,  
homesick, hungry, lonely, proud, sad,  
scared, shocked, surprised, tired,  
worried

☀️ Make a wordsearch with other adjectives for feelings for a partner.

**A4 Robinson's feelings**

- a) How do you think Robinson felt in these situations? Note down your ideas. You can use some adjectives from A3.

situation	Robinson felt ...
Robinson's ship hit some rocks in the Caribbean.	scared / shocked / seasick
Robinson didn't see any other people on the island.	exhausted / helpless / glad
He collected a few things from the ship wreck.	excited / happy
He walked along the beach in the evening.	happy / lonely / sad
He saw a group of cannibals with a prisoner.	scared / shocked

- b) Write about your ideas.

When Robinson's ship hit some rocks in the Caribbean, he felt scared.  
When Robinson didn't see any other people on the island, he felt homesick.  
When he collected a few things from the ship wreck, he felt excited.  
When he walked along the beach in the evening, he felt happy.  
When he saw a group of cannibals with a prisoner, he felt shocked.

☀️ Compare your ideas with a partner and give reasons.

I think Robinson felt ... when he ... because ...

Maybe he also felt ... because ...

Lösungsbeispiel

Lösungsbeispiel

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## A5 Life on the island

a) Fill in the simple past forms of the verbs.

arrive • be • build • call • cook •  
 drink • eat • go • have • kill •  
 live • make • rescue • sail •  
 spend • start • teach • watch



Robinson started a new life on an island in the Caribbean. He lived there for many years. He ate bananas and potatoes and he drank water and milk. He killed animals with a gun<sup>1</sup> and cooked them on a fire. He also made some useful things. For example he built a raft. Sometimes Robinson was lonely. Then one day he watched a group of cannibals on the beach and he rescued one of their prisoners. He called him Man Friday. From then on, the two men spent a lot of time together. They often went fishing. They also had a lot of adventures. Robinson taught Man Friday to speak English. Many years later an English ship sailed by. In 1687 Robinson and Man Friday arrived in England.

1 gun – Schusswaffe

b) Listen to the CD and check your text.

c) Look at the simple past forms in the text. Mark the **regular** and the **irregular** forms in different colours.

d) Write the regular and the irregular simple past forms into the lists.

e) Listen to the CD and check your lists.

regular simple past forms
started
lived
killed
cooked
watched
rescued
called
sailed
arrived

irregular simple past forms
ate
drank
made
built
was
spent
went
had
taught



## A6 Tell us more

- a) Here are some more questions that people asked Robinson when he was back in England. Unscramble ...



- ★ four questions.      ☾ five questions.      ⚙ all the questions.

1. leave • did • home • Why • you • ?

Why did you leave home?

2. did • sleep • Where • you • ?

Where did you sleep?

3. like • the • What • weather • was • ?

What was the weather like?

4. rescue • Why • Man Friday • you • did • ?

Why did you rescue Man Friday?

5. were • words • Man Friday's • What • first • English • ?

What were Man Friday's first English words?

6. on • like • island • Did • living • the • you • ?

Did you like living on the island?

- b) Listen to the CD and check your questions.

- c) Match the answers with the questions that you have unscrambled.

5 "Please" and "thank you".

4 Some cannibals wanted to eat him.

2 In a bed that I built.

1 I was looking for adventure.

6 Yes, I did. It was a beautiful place.

3 Much better than in England. It was always sunny and warm.

- ⚙ Write down questions that go with these answers.

1. Why did your ship hit some rocks? Because there was a storm.
2. What did Man Friday teach you? He taught me how to fish, for example.
3. When did you arrive (back) in England/return to England? In June 1687.

## T2 Reading: The real Robinson

Read about the life of Alexander Selkirk.

Alexander Selkirk was born in Lower Largo, Scotland, in 1676. He worked as a sailor on a ship called *Cinque Ports*. It left Ireland for South America in 1703. In 1704, the *Cinque Ports* arrived at the island Mas a Tierra. Alexander had a problem with the captain and decided to stay on the island.

At first Alexander felt scared and lonely, but then he started to look around the island. He discovered fresh water and vegetables. He also found goats<sup>1</sup> and always had enough milk and meat. Alexander had some tools<sup>2</sup> and built two small houses. One house was for cooking and the other for sleeping. Once he fell and hurt himself badly. He couldn't stand up for a whole day. Two times he had to hide<sup>3</sup> when Spanish ships came to the island because Spain was at war<sup>4</sup> with Britain. Four years and four months passed. Then a British ship called *Duke* came to the island and rescued Alexander. In October 1711, he arrived back in England. People were very interested in his stories about the island. A few years later Alexander started to work as a sailor again. In 1721 he went to Africa, but he fell ill on the ship and died.

Daniel Defoe heard Alexander's story and decided to write *Robinson Crusoe*. Mas a Tierra is now called Robinson Crusoe Island. Today about 600 people live there.

<sup>1</sup>goat – Ziege; <sup>2</sup>tool – Werkzeug; <sup>3</sup>hide – sich verstecken; <sup>4</sup>at war – im Krieg

### ★ Cross out the wrong information.

- Alexander Selkirk was born ~~in 1679~~/in 1676.
- He died ~~in 1712~~/in 1721.
- He lived on a lonely island ~~for four years and four months~~/~~for five years and six months~~.
- Today the island is called ~~Mas a Tierra~~/Robinson Crusoe Island.

### ☾ Answer the questions.

- When did Alexander's ship arrive at Mas a Tierra? in 1704
- Why was he able to build two houses? He had some tools.
- How long did he stay on the island? four years and four months
- When did the *Duke* rescue him? in 1711
- What is the island called now? Robinson Crusoe Island

### ☀ Tick the right information.

- Alexander was born  in England.  in Scotland.  in Ireland.
- His ship was called  Lower Largo.  Mas a Tierra.  Cinque Ports.
- On the island he drank  water and milk.  only fresh water.  only goat milk.
- The *Duke* rescued him  in 1704.  in 1711.  in 1721.
- The island is now called  Selkirk Island.  Robinson Crusoe Island.  Mas a Tierra.